BUREAU OF V	BOARD OF HEALTH ITAL STATISTICS TE OF DEATH 2252
1. PLACE OF DEATH County Type Registration District Township Primary Registration City Charles (No	11-11-12
2. FULL NAME Transvers Examine for Management (a) Residence. No. (Usual place of abode) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mes.	Ward. (If nonresident give city or town and State) ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) Male White Married, Widowed, or Divorced HUSBAND of (or) WIFE of	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 15. 17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than 1 day,	death occurred, on the date stated above, at
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	(duration) yrs. cos 1 4 ds. CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY) (duration) yrs. cos da
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	18. WHERE WAS ENEASE CONTRACTED IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHY
10. NAME OF FATHER Barrarly Neuroscients 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER GUNDAY STATE 13. DIRTHIN ACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY! WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS! (Signed) M. D /-/O , 19 23 (Address) *State the Diebard Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causing, state
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 14. INFORMANT MAN Lucy Council (Address) FILED 2 10. 19. 2.3 Coaga C Will Sur REGISTRAR	(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. (See reverse side for additional space.) 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL 20. UNDERTAKER 20. UNDERTAKER
V Nassinia	18. 18. Ruska Glat Run

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect. Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer. Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease Causing Death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

220 fittom of informatio. should be sarchel. USE OF DEATH in pinis terms, so that it portant. See instructions on back of cor

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"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.). "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, celluiitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum iist suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

Vill Ciţi	vashipage	State of	curred stitutio E instea
ىك بو	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 SE)	4 COLOR OR RACE SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH (Month) (Day)	19 P (Year)
	TE OF BIRTH (Month) (Day) 1877	17 I HEREBY CERT!FY, That I attended deceased	
7 AG	if LESS than	that I last saw h alive on,	191
	1 dayı hrs ds. <u>or</u> min.?	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at	n
8 00	CUPATION	The CAUSE OF DEATH * was as follows:	
(a)·	Trade, profession, or cular kind of work		
(b)	General nature of Industry,		
whic	ness, or establishment in h employed (or employer)	<u></u>	
9 RIA	THPLACE to or country)	(Duration) yrs mos	
		Contributory	
	10 NAME OF	(Secondary)	
	10 NAME OF FATHER	(SECONDARY) (Duration)	
S.	FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE	(SECONDARY)	d
	FATHER	(Signed)	d , M. 1
ARENTS	FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE	(Signed)	d
	FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 13 BIRTHPLACE	(Signed)	, M. 1
	FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	(Signed)	M. M
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REVISED UNITED STATES STANDARD CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

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